PAG 2019 Fall Meeting, Hangzhou, China, October 14~16, 2019

SAS-Korea Research Plan: 2019 Update

ARACIN

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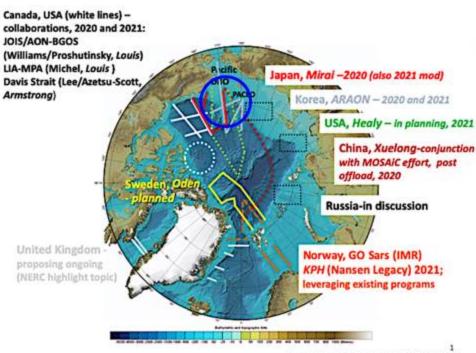
Korea Polar Research Institute Republic of Korea



Synoptic Arctic Survey

SAS-Korea area & members

Most recent map of planned SAS transects



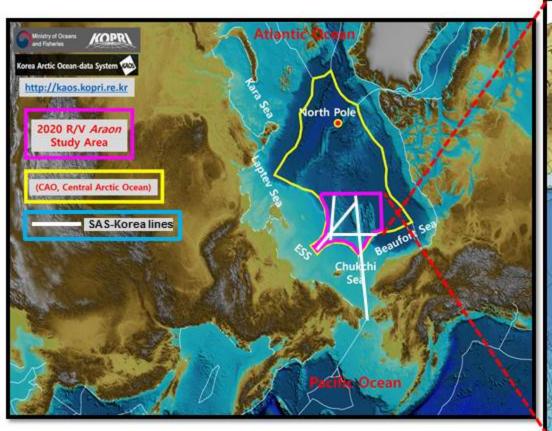
[modified B. Williams and J. Grebmeier, May 2019]

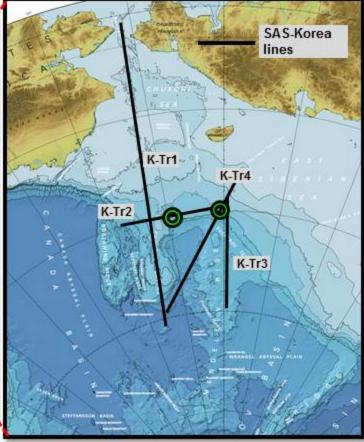
From the Report of 2019 SAS Workshop held in WHOI, May 15-16, 2019

Put together by Kyoung-Ho Cho, July 5th, 2019			
Variable	Responsible		
Chemistry and physics			
CTD (Pressure, Temperatire, Salinity)	Kyoung-Ho Cho		
Inorganic chemistry (Oxygen, nutrients, DIC, Alkalinity, pH)	Jinyoung Jung		
CFCs and SF ₆	NA		
δ ^M O of H ₂ O	Jinyoung Jung		
Organic chemistry (DOC, POC)	Jinyoung Jung		
CO2 (atmosphere & sea surface)	Jinyoung Jung		
Black Carbon	Jinyoung Jung		
Water column ecosystem			
Phytoplankton and microzooplankton (composition including pigment	s Eunjin Yang		
Primary production & nitrogen uptake rates	Youngju Lee		
Bacteria (composition and transformations)	NA		
Virus	NA		
Meso- and Macro zooplankton	Eunjin Yang		
Ictyhyoplankton and Fish	NA		
Marine mammals	NA		
Transformation rates (grazing, sinking, respiration)	Eunjin Yang		
Acustiucs	Hyoungsul La		
Benthic ecosystem			
Meio- and macrofauna, epifauna	NA		
Transformation rates (grazing, sinking, respiration)	NA		
Phytoplankton resting spores	So-Young Kim		
Ice studies and Epiontic communities			
Under ice imagies	NA		
Ice cores/Floating ice (chemical and biological components)	Jinyoung Jung		
Seabirds	NA		
Modelling	Kyoung-Ho Cho		

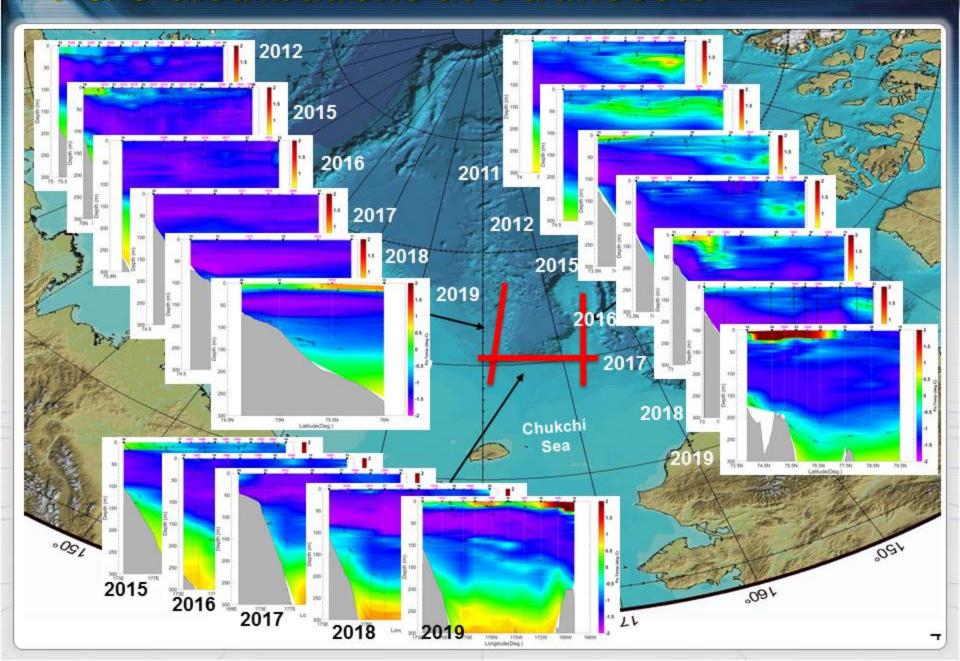
KOPRI 2020 Plan for SAS

- 2020 Araon Arctic Cruise
 - We proposed 4 transects for CTD casts



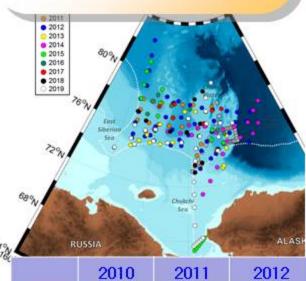


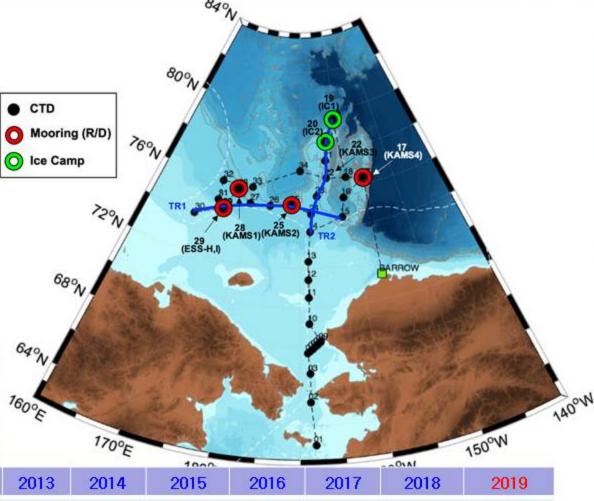
T & S distributions at 3 transects



IB R/V ARAON Arctic Cruise (2019)

- CTD: 34 stations
- XCTD: 22 stations
- Ocean Mooring:
 - Recovery: 5
 - Re-deployment: 5
- Sea ice camp: 2





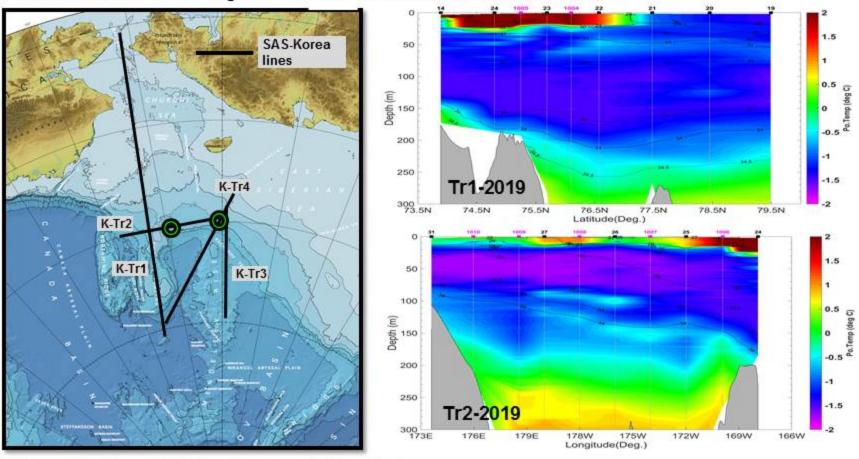
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
CTD	38	18	44	16	32	42	34	35	27	34
XCTD	*	33	48	36	51	61	38	30	30	22
Period	07/20~ 08/10	08/02~ 08/16	08/04~ 09/06	08/24 ~ 09/01	08/01~ 08/23	08/01~ 08/21	08/05~ 08/21	08/06~ 08/24	08/04~ 08/25	08/03~ 08/26

KOPRI 2020 Plan for SAS (physical)

2020 Araon Arctic Cruise

Leading Scientist: Kyoung-Ho Cho

- We proposed 4 transects for CTD casts (interval between stations will be determined later)
- At least 2 ocean moorings will be maintained until 2021 summer



- Classification of Water Masses in the study area
- Spatial/temporal distributions of the water masses and circulation patterns
- Quantification of heat transport and freshwater transport

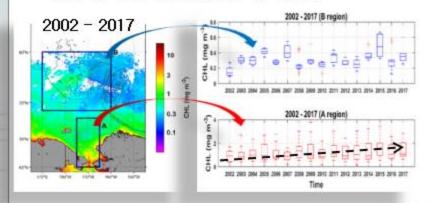
KOPRI 2020 Plan for SAS (biological)

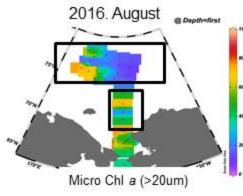
- Phytoplankton community structure, Physiology (F_v/F_m)
 Leading Scientist: Eun Jin Yang
- Microzooplankton community structure and grazing impact
- Mesozooplankton population and community structure (Net and Accoustic)
- Bacteria and virus abundance
- Planktonic food web structure

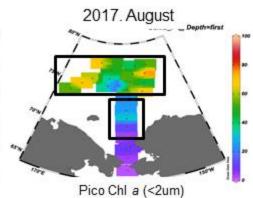
1. Autotrophy in the food web

Phytoplankton community

- Uncertain temporal variation of Chl a in NCS and NESS unlike the pattern in SCS
- Microplankton was dominant in the NESS in 2016 and Picoplankton was dominant in the NESS and NCS in 2017







Phytoplankton physiology (F_v/F_m)

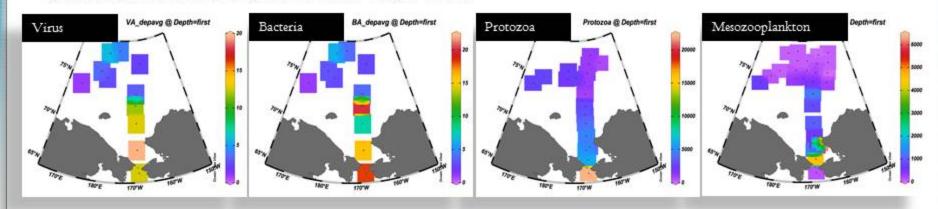
- Photochemical efficiency was higher in SCS than NCS and NESS
- Phytoplankton community and nutrient supply might be the possible source.

KOPRI 2020 Plan for SAS (biological)

Virus, bacteria, and zooplankton

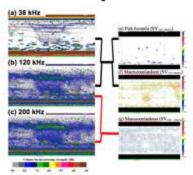
2. Heterotrophy in the food web

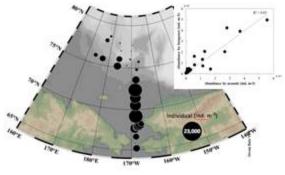
 Virus, bacteria, protozoa, and mesozooplankton were two times less abundant in NCS and NESS than SCS

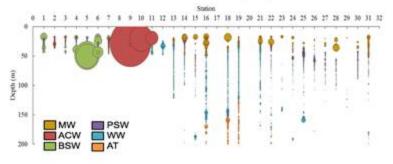


Copepod abundance

- Copepod abundance was tried to estimate with acoustic and net samples
- We expect to find a relationship between water masses and copepod habitats







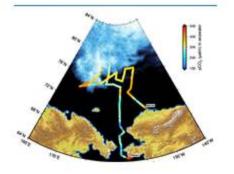
KOPRI 2020 Plan for SAS (chemical)

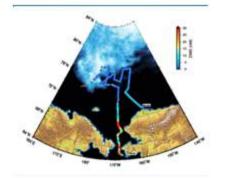
- Spatial and temporal variation of pCO₂ in the Arctic Ocean
- Characteristics of dissolved inorganic carbon (DIC)

Leading Scientist: Jinyoung Jung

• Net community production (NCP) using MIMS (Membrane-inlet Mass Spectrometry)









Continuous observation system of pCO₂

Dissolved pCO₂ along the track

Dissolved O2/Ar along the track

Continuous observation system (MMIS)

- Distributions of nutrients (NH₄, NO₂+NO₃, PO₄ and SiO₂)
- Characteristics of dissolved and particulate organic matters (DOM and POM)
- Distributions of river water and ice melt water
- Sinking particle flux



Seawater auto analyzer



TOC-TN analyzer



CHN analyzer

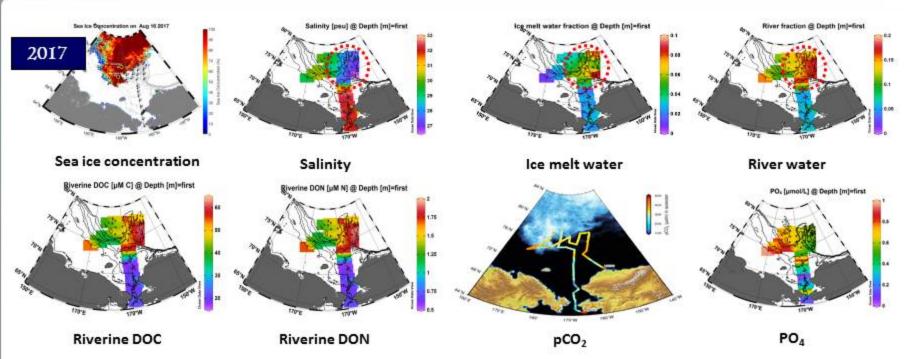


DOC sampler



Sediment trap

KOPRI 2020 Plan for SAS (chemical)

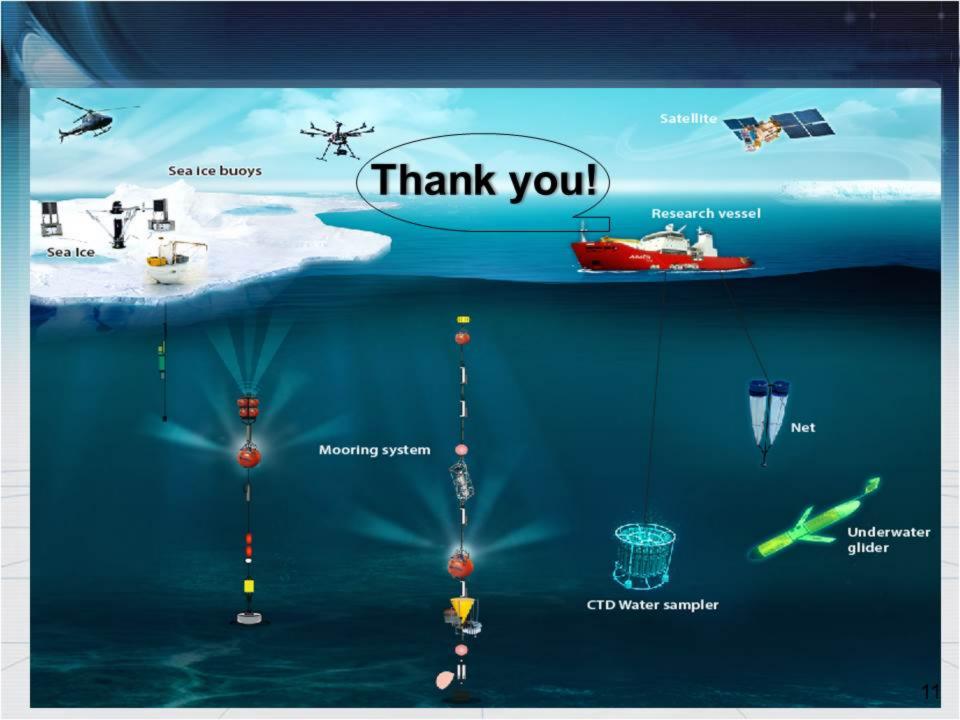


In 2020, Korea Polar Research Institute (KOPRI) is going to measure carbon components as follows:

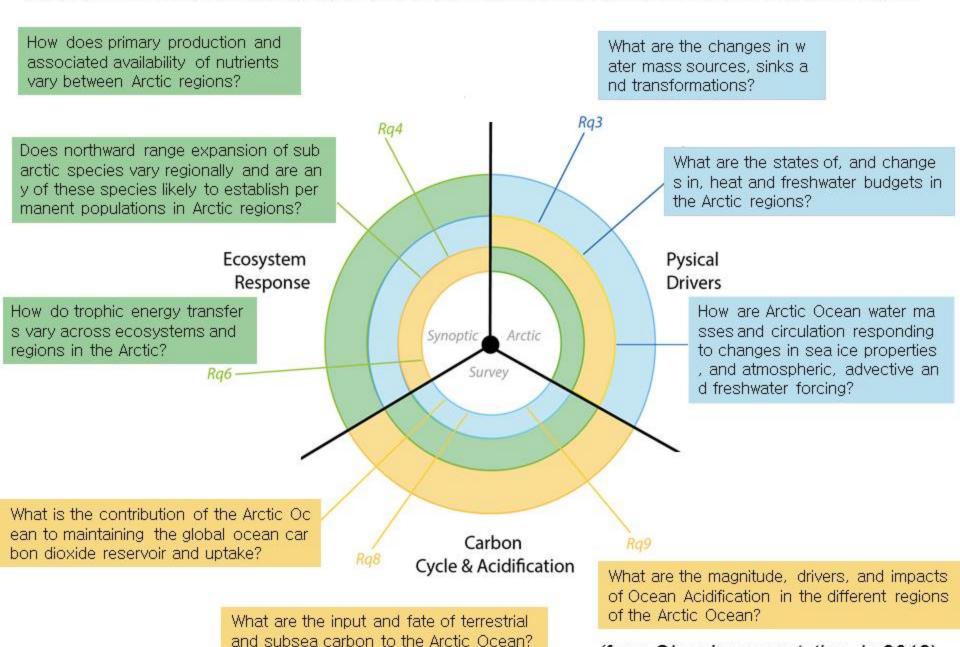
- pCO2
- Dissolved inorganic carbon (DIC)
- Nutrients
- d180
- Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) [Marine DOC, Riverine DOC]
- Particulate organic carbon (POC)
- Sinking particle flux

The chemical data set will be compared to biological (e.g., phytoplankton taxonomic structure and bacterial abundances) and physical (e.g., salinity and water masses) ones to improve our understanding of carbon cycle in the Pacific Central Arctic Ocean.

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What are the present state and major ongoing transformations of the Arctic marine system?



(from Olsen's presentation in 2018)