

Pacific Arctic Group (PAG):

Perspective of ICARP III



Sung-Ho Kang
Korea Polar Research Institute (KOPRI)
Republic of Korea

ASSW 2014 Common Day April 8, 2014 Helsinki, Finland



Overview of PAG

- The Pacific Arctic Group (PAG) is a consortium of institutes and individuals having a Pacific perspective on Arctic science
- PAG serves as a Pacific Arctic regional partnership to plan, coordinate, and collaborate on science activities
- The four PAG principle science themes are climate, contaminants, human dimensions and structure and function of Arctic ecosystems
- The PAG membership is led by an Executive Committee consisting of a Chair, two Vice Chairs, and the Project leads from ongoing PAG activities from Canada, China, Japan, Korea, Russia, USA.





Brief review of PAG history:

- ASSW in 2002 (Gröningen):

Start of a discussion on Arctic research from Pacific

perspective.

As the International Arctic Science Committee (IASC) enlarged its membership, three Asian countries (Japan, Korea, and China) became members. Yet the focus of IASC science remained on the Atlantic sector and the central portions of the Arctic, regions of lesser interest to the Asian members who quite naturally viewed the Arctic from a Pacific perspective.

- ASSW in 2003 (Kiruna):

 Meeting among the Pacific-bordering members
- → Following the discussions, a proposal was presented for creation of the Pacific Arctic Group (PAG) to IASC council, and then the Council agreed to welcome PAG under its umbrella.
- ASSW in 2004 (Reykjavik): Initial PAG meeting



PAG Attendees - April 23, 2004									
Last Name	First Name	Country	Email						
Augner	Magnus	Sweden	magnus@polar.se						
Bergmann	Martin	Canada	bergmannm@dfo-mpo.gc.ca						
Bowden	Sarah	USA	bowden@patriot.net						
Brass	Garry	USA	g.brass@arctic.gov						
Calder	John	USA	John.Calder@noaa.gov						
Chen	Во	PRC	chenbo688@sina.com						
Chen	Liqi	PRC	lqchen@soa.gov.cn						
Drobot	Sheldon	USA	sdrobot@nas.edu						
Eppi	Rene	USA	Rene.Eppi@noaa.gov						
Fukuchi	Mitsuo	Japan	fukuchi@nipr.ac.jp						
Grebmeier	Jackie	USA	jgrebmei@utk.edu						
Harrison	Peter	Canada	peter.harrison@nrc-cnrc.gc.ca						
Kang	Sung-Ho	Korea	shkang@kordi.re.kr						
Klauder	Josh	USA	josh@arcus.org						
Larsen	John	Iceland	inl@svs.is						
Pryamikov	Sergey	Russia	priamiks@aari.nw.ru						
Pyle	Tom	USA	tpyle@nsf.org						
Ryabinin	Vsladimir	Switzerland	vryabinin@wmo.int						
Watanabe	Okitsugu	Japan	watanabe@nipr.ac.jp						
Webber	Patrick	USA	webber@msu.edu						
Zhang	Zhanhai	PRC	zhangzhanhai@pric.gov.cn						



Brief review of PAG history:

During the formative years the Group developed a number of science themes that it wished to pursue and adopted a mode of action based on two primary types of activities:

- 1) Enhancement of individual national field programs by inclusion of an international component;
- Creation of collaborative activities focused on synthesis of data and publication on topics of mutual interest.





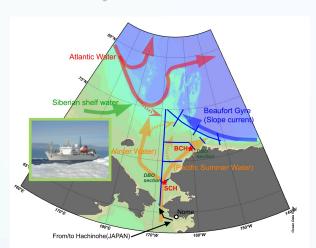
Examples of current PAG activities

- Annual field activities in the Pacific Arctic region
- Continued development and implementation of long-term monitoring activity such as the Distributed Biological Observatory (DBO) - environmental and biological sampling at stations on transect lines located along a latitudinal gradient extending from the northern Bering Sea to the Barrow Arch, and new regions
- Undertake a Pacific Arctic regional, multidisciplinary synthesis of scientific findings in the marine region relevant to ongoing scientific objectives at the core of the PAG
- Project development and sampling in the Chukchi Borderland and Canada Basin region to investigate climate, oceanography, air-sea ice interactions, physical oceanography, and modeling

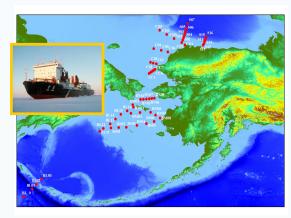


2010-13 PAG research cruises in Pacific Arctic Region

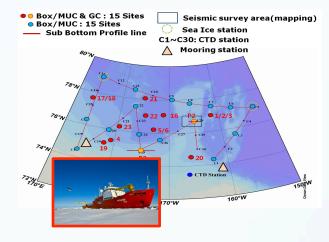
Japan: RV Mirai



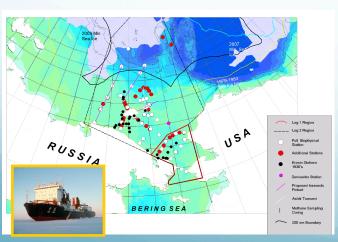
China: RV Xuelong



Korea: IBRV Araon

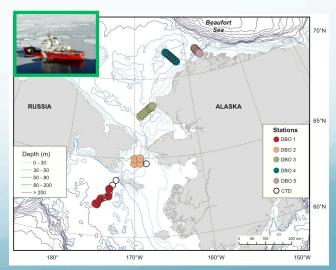


Russia-USA: RV Khromov

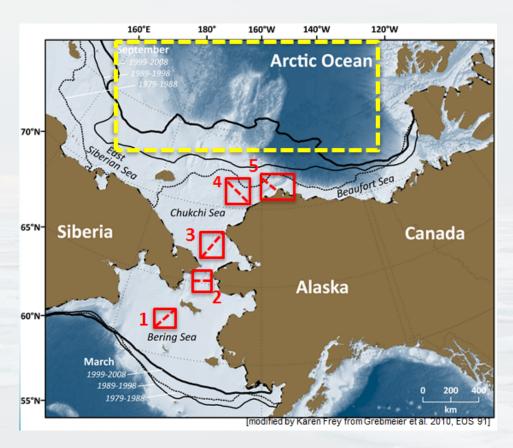


Canada-USA: CCGS Sir Wilfrid Laurier (DBO 1-5 and RV Westward Wind DBO4)



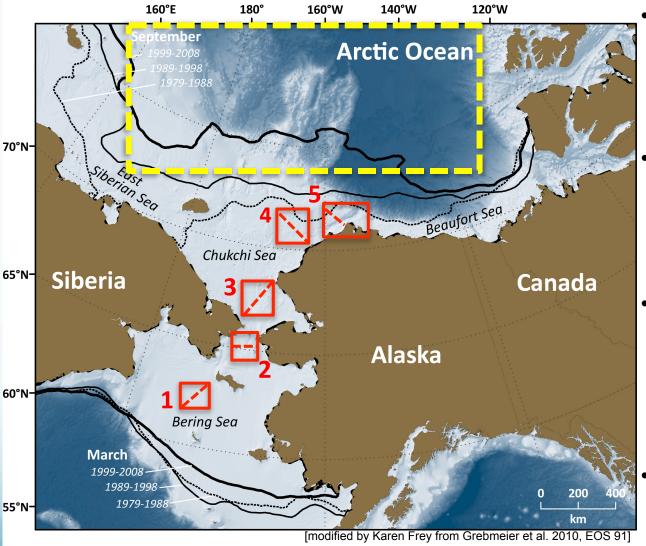


Updates plans of Arctic Ocean Research



Vessel	Country	PI	
Moana Wave, Healy	USA	Grebmeier	
Healy	USA	Arrigo	
Xuelong	China	Не	
Mirai	Japan	Itoh Kikuchi Vagle	
Laurier	Canada		
Araon	Korea	Kang	
Khromov	Russia and USA	Woodgate	
Alaskan Enterprise	USA	Napp	
Annika Marie	USA	Ashjian	
Healy	USA	Pickart	
Westward Wind	USA	Day	

Linking Physics to Biology: the Distributed Biological Observatory (DBO)



- DBO sites (red boxes) are regional "hotspot" transect lines and stations located along a latitudinal gradient
- DBO sites are considered to exhibit high productivity, biodiversity, and overall rates of change
- DBO sites will serve as a change detection array for the identification and consistent monitoring of biophysical responses
- Sites occuppied by national and international entities with shared data plan

















Synthesis of data and publication on topics of mutual interest

		DBO 3-SCS			DBO 5-BC		
		2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
	Physics	C30, CHAOZ, Chinare	C3O, CHAOZ	C3O, CHINARE, Rusalca, Mirai, CHAOZ C3O, CHINARE, Rusalca,	C30, CHAOZ, Mirai, Anaka Marie, HLY01,03	C30, CHAOZ	Comida HS, Mirai, Chaoz, AON, (pickart, ashjian) Comida HS, Mirai, Chaoz, AON,
T/S	CTD	C30, CHAOZ, Chinare	C3O, CHAOZ	Mirai, CHAOZ	C30, CHAOZ, Mirai	C30, CHAOZ	(Pickart, Ashjian)
Currents	ADCP	C30, CHAOZ, Chinare?	C3O, CHAOZ	C3O, CHINARE?, Rusalca, Mirai, CHAOZ	C30, CHAOZ, Mirai, Anaka Marie, HLY01,03	C30, CHAOZ	Comida HS, Mirai, Chaoz, AON, (Pickart, Ashjian)
Nutrients	Nutrients	C3O, CHAOZ, CHINAIRE	C3O, CHAOZ, CHINAIRE	C3O, CHAOZ, CHINAIRE	C3O, AON-Ashjian, CHAOZ	C3O, AON-CA, CHAOZ	Comida, HS, CHAOZ
Primary production	Satellite Primary Prod	K.Frey	K.Frey, C3O(1stn)	K.Frey, Sang Lee 2, Diana 1	K.Frey	K.Frey	K.Frey
Phytoplankton	chl	C3O	C30	C3O	C3O		C3O
	species		C30	RUSALCA, C3O		C30	COMIDA HS
Intermediate	microzoooplankton						
Zooplankton	standing stock	C3O, CHAOZ	C3O, CHAOZ	C3O July, CHAOZ Aug, Greene Sept, Acoustic	C3O, CHAOZ	C3O, CHAOZ	COMIDA HS, Ashjian, CHAOZ, Greene
	species	C3O, CHAOZ	C30	C3O July, CHAOZ Aug, Greene Sept, Acoustic	C3O, CHAOZ		COMIDA HS, Ashjian, CHAOZ, Greene
Benthos	standing stock	C3O, infauna, CHINARE	C3O	C3O, RUSALCA epi- benthos, CHINARE	C30	C3O	COMIDA HS, AKM, Jouett/Dasher
	species	C30	C30	C30	C30	C30	C30
Marine mammals	survey	CHAOZ, AOOS/transist	CHAOZ	CHAOZ	CHAOZ	CHAOZ	CHAOZ
	watch	RUSALCA mooring	C3O, RUSALCA mooring	RUSALCA mooring, Greene, Acoustic	BOWFEST	BOWFEST, Akmap-Day	COMIDA, Greene
Seabirds	survey	Kuletz, C3O-Bentley?, AOOS/transist, Greene	Kuletz, C3O-Bentley?, AOOS/transist, Greene	Kuletz, C3O-Bentley?, AOOS/transist, Greene	Kuletz	Kuletz, AKMAP-Day	Kuletz, Greene



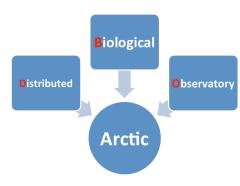
PAG ICARPIII Activity DBO 2nd Data Workshop-fall 2014

The 1st DBO Data Workshop (Feb 27-Mar 1, 2013) focused on:

- Present results from the 2010-2012 pilot study and determine a basis for multidisciplinary paper(s) to showcase the DBO international effort
- Archive metadata with either link to data set in a national archive or submitting the DBO data to common data archive
- Determine how to plan for full implementation for the DBO.

The 2nd DBO Data Workshop will evaluate the continued international data collections on up to 5 DBO lines seasonally, discuss the current submission of data to the DBO data sharing sites, develop publication plans, and coordinate future





http://www.arctic.noaa.gov/dbo/





2 U.S.-Russian Distributed iological Observatory Line:



10 Hydrographic transects, Pacific, Atlantic Water's ateral and vertical heat flux air ice sea fluxes

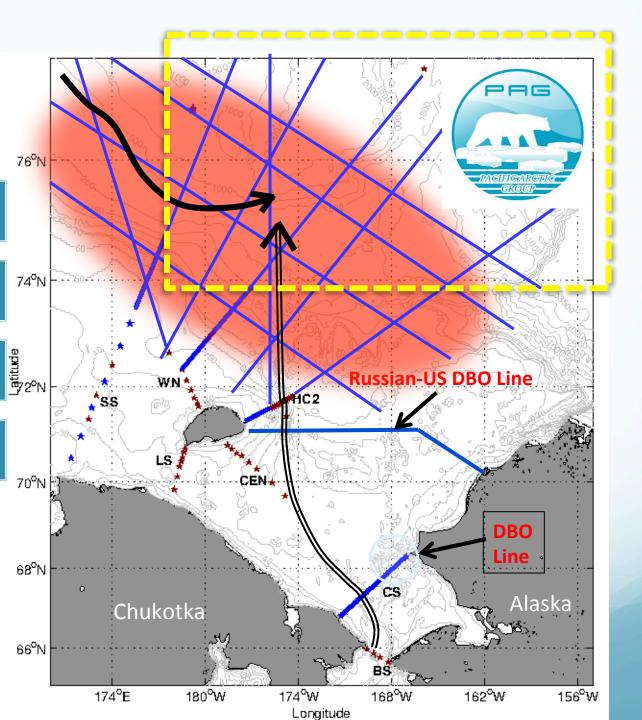


Census of Marine Life and Census of Benthic Methane Fluxes



RUSALCA + Pacific Arctic Group + EU (3 – 5 vessels and aircraft)







PAG activities and topics that are high priority to highlight in the ICARPIII planning process include:

- Data sharing and publications from international results of the DBO activities and continued development for full implementation of the DBO sites and identification of new sites in the East Siberian Sea, Beaufort Sea and Canada Basin-fall 2014 2nd DBO Data workshop
- Highlight studies in the western Chukchi/Canada Basin of physical oceanographic research programs, including continued development of a Chukchi Borderland/Arctic Basin Environmental Observing system
- Development of a coordinated sea ice/atmospheric sampling effort within the PAG
- Physical and ecosystem modeling of oceanographic and atmospheric data collected in the Pacific sector
- Highlights of the PAG synthesis activities (e.g., the Pacific Arctic region Springer synthesis volume, Deep-Sea Research II special issues from CHINARE, ARAON cruises, other publications and products



How can PAG participate in ICARP III?

- PAG works with a pan-Arctic perspective to promote synergies across the Arctic Ocean.
- PAG recognizes the value of the ICARP III as a means to identify and prioritize overarching Arctic science issues, and to improve international coordination of research agendas.
- PAG's ICARP III contribution as data sharing and publications from results of the Distributed Biological Observatory (DBO) and continued development and implementation of the project.
- PAG can provide a valuable dataset for ongoing research and development of cooperative synthesis in the Pacific and Atlantic marine sector.
- European research activity can complement PAG studies with its research in the Atlantic side of the Arctic. The PAG studies could also be integrated with programs such as MOSAiC etc.



"documents".

http://pag.arcticportal.org



All the ppts and documents associated with the PAG meetings available at the PAG website: http:// pag.arcticportal.org/, under

Home About PAG News & Events Documents Research Projects Contact us Related Links Login/Logout



AG 10 PRINCIPLE

ARCTIC PORTAL TERACTIVE DATA MAP

What is PAG?

The Pacific Arctic Group (PAG) is a group of institutes and individuals having a Pacific perspective on Arctic science. Organized under the International Arctic Science Committee (IASC), the PAG has as its mission to serve as a Pacific Arctic regional partnership to plan, coordinate, and collaborate on science activities of mutual interest. The four PAG principle science themes are climate, contaminants, human dimensions and structure and function of Arctic ecosystems.

READ MORE »

LATEST PAG DOCUMENTS

final pagchina2012 mtg reportv2 [Nov 27 2012]

7aos call for white papers unsolicitedv4

[Nov 13 2012]

6intro essas2013 hakodate [Nov 13 2012]

5jingping zhao development for the

[Nov 13 2012]

4artworkshop kedra [Nov 13 2012]

ARCHIVE

NEWS AND EVENTS

2013 Pacific Arctic Group (PAG)

Pacific Arctic Group (PAG) Spring Meeting Sunday, April 14, 2013 during Arctic Science Summit Week (ASSW 2013) in Krakow, Poland. Link t...

Arctic Science Summit Week 2013

MORE NEWS

RESEARCH AND PROJECTS

2011 Research Projects have now been published.

To learn more, please follow this LINK

Download document

HERE 🔯

Questions?

Thank you

for your

attention.



